SCARS ON THE FACE LEAD TO A CORONER'S INQUIRY.

THE INVESTIGATION, HOWEVER, SHOWS THAT DEATH WAS DUE TO NATURAL CAUSES.

Arthur Maurice, a wealthy stockbroker, was found dead yesterday morning in his room at the Hotel Winthrop, Seventh-ave, and Onehundred-and-twenty-fifth-st. The finding of a hammer covered with something that resembled blood in the closet of the suite of rooms occupled by Mr. Maurice and the discovery of pecullar marks and abrasions on the forehead of the dead man caused the Coroner to investigate the case. The inquiry, however, proved that death was due to a rupture of the heart wall. Mr. Maurice was seventy-two years old, and

for years he had been troubled with vertigo. Mr. Maurice occupied apartments in the Hotel Winthrop which are designated as No. 412. They consist of a suite of rooms-a drawing-room, a bedroom and a bathroom. Opposite this suite is No. 411, which Mrs. Fanny Maurice, the widow, and her daughter, Fanny, occupy. Mr. Maurice on Tuesday night was up until 11 o'clock playing cards with some of the guests in the hotel. He retired, seemingly in the best health, and was jocular and merry in the progress of the games. Yesterday morning Mrs. Maurice knocked at the door of her husband's apartments, and, receiving no response, entered and found him with his coat and waistcoat removed lying face downward on the floor, with his head near a revolving bookcase. She at once summoned Dr. Oyler, and on examination he pronounced Mr. Maurice dead, and said that the death was due to apoplexy. The man's nose was flattened and the lips were crushed in, and there were scars and bruises on the forehead. This, the doctor supposed, was due to the man's falling against the revolving bookcase. The supposition is that when Mr. Maurice retired to his rooms after the game of cards he took off his coat and waistcoat, and was then suddenly seized with the attack of apoplexy. He fell forward, heavily striking the bookcase as he

The scars on the face were reported to Captain Devery, of the West One-hundred-andtwenty-fifth-st. station, who asked Coroner Hoeber to investigate the case. At the same time Captain Devery sent his own detectives out to make an inquiry. Dr. Hoeber, after his investigation, declared that all circumstances seemed to show that the broker had died from apoplexy. From Mrs. Maurice he learned that the hammer which had been found in a closet had been there ever since the rooms had been occupied by the family. He also decided that there was red paint on the hammer, and not blood. Captain Devery and his detectives, who had been at work on the case, agreed with

Deputy-Coroner Schultz, performed an autopsy last night. He found that Mr. Maurice had suffered from a chronic disease of the ar-teries of the heart, which weakened the muscu-lar tissues in the wall of the heart. The im-mediate cause of death was a rupture of the heart's wall, large enough to put a finger in. Dr. Schultz accounted for the injuries on the head by saying they had been received when the man fell forward and struck the book-

York Stock Exchange since November 8, 1864. He made his headquarters in the office of John Wallace & Co., No. 66 Broadway. He was a specialist in the stock of the "Panhandle" Rail-Formerly he was a specialist in Quick-

A TIME TO THINK OF POOR CHILDREN. D. Willis James, president; C. Loring Brace, secretary, and A. B. Hepburn, treasurer, of the Children's Aid Society, unite in the following Christmas appeal:

mas appeal:

Christmas is the season which should especially be made happy for children, and, above all, for the children of the poor. In New-York hundreds of homeless boys and girls, but for the ledging-houses of the Children's Ald Society, would be sleeping in alleys and cellars, or herding in the resorts of thieves and vagabonds. Hundreds of others, but for our industrial schools, would be roving the streets half-clad and hungry, and growing up to be ignorant, vagrant and criminal.

be ignorant, vagrant and criminal.

We desire at this senson to make one happy day
for these little victims of poverty and misfortune
with presents, clothing, dinners, food, shoes and
the like gifts. We need money and voluntary help
to support these lodging-houses and schools. Above with presents. We need money and voluntary help to support these lodging-houses and schools. Above all, we wish to present a home to the homeless. Twenty dollars will place a homeless child in a comfortable home in the country, thus rescuing it from a hopeless future and giving it the same opportunities that more fortunate children have. We appeal to the public for money to carry on this most important department of our work.

Forty dollars will enable us to send a homeless street boy to our farm school, there to be trained for home life in the country. Think what this means to the community in saving it the cost of varrants, and to the boys themselves, who by this means are led to honest livelihood.

One hundred dollars will provide nourishing hot dinners at one of our industrial schools for one month, and such other assistance in the way of shoes and underclothing as is absolutely necessary to these half-starved children.

Three hundred dollars will support a muchneeded kindergarten for a year.

Five hundred dollars will help us establish a night school and industrial class for older children, who would otherwise be without training of any kind.

During the last year the needs of the poor have

kind.

During the last year the needs of the poor have been very great, while the funds of the society have not increased to the same extent, and curtailment of our work became necessary. We earnestly appeal to you to aid us with your contributions. Every dollar helps.

CHRISTMAS TREES FOR ORIENTALS.

The church workers of St. Bartholomew's have arranged to hold Christmas entertainments at 8 o'clock on Monday evening for the Oriental Misthe parish, which includes Armenians, Syrians, Turks and Persians, chiefly from the East Side, under the care of the Rev. A. Yohannan, and for the Chinese Guild, under Guy Maine. There will be trees for each mission at the parish house, in East Forty-second-st., and the members will receive presents, chiefly books in their own language and in English. There will also be entertainments and talks by Dr. Geer and others. At the entertainment for the Chinese ten children of that nationality will be present.

George Foster Peabody, of Spencer Trask & Co., will give a dinner December 20, at the Metropolitan Club, in honor of the members of the Monetary

CHARLES H. EVANS DISCHARGED. Charles H. Evans, the lawyer, of Rosebank, Staten Island, who was arrested last Saturday night on a Madison-ave, trolley-car on a charge of disorderly conduct, was yesterday discharged in Yorkville Court by Magistrate Simms.

WINTER WORK OF ST. JOHN'S GUILD. St. John's Guild, No. 1 Madison-ave., makes a

Christmas appeal for funds, in which it says:

Christmas appeal for funds, in which it says:

The work is continuous all the year round, and funds are needed during the winter, more essentially for the Children's City Hospital and the Special Relief to Sick Children.

At this season, which of all the year is associated with childhood's innocent joys, and is the annual celebration of the doctrine of the "brotherhood of mankind," would it not be well for each one of us to feel that he had given some practical demonstration of this immortal doctrine, the very foundation of all that is good and pure in human life?

The joyousness of the home circle may be made the more intense by the consciousness that some poor, sick child—a strange and unknown child—has had conjured up for it a Santa Claus with food and medicine in his pack.

Many a "Tiny Tim" may be found to express his Christmas greeting, "God bless us every one."

CHRISTMAS DINNER FOR EMPLOYES. The annual Christmas dinner to the employes of H. O'Neill & Co., Sixth-ave, and Twentieth-st., will be given as usual this year. There are about 1,600 employes, who will sit in relays at the tables to-morrow evening. O'Neill & Co. have provided a good supper for every man, woman and child em-ployed in the store every evening during the holi-day season, and have given them time to eat the meal in comfort. The meal provided has been sub-stantial and well cooked.

THE MORGAN CITY TO GO TO ALASKA. The negotiations for the sale of the Morgan Line Morgan City, which The Tribune recently announced, were completed yesterday. The purchaser is the Joseph Ladue Mining and Developing Company, and the price is said to have been \$250, 000. She will be used in the coastwise trade between Scattle, Dyca and Skaguay, in conjunction with three other steamers of the same company. She will leave here for her trip around the Horn about February 1. Her first trip from Seattle will be made about June 1.

RAILROAD INTERESTS.

PRESIDENT COWEN RE-ELECTED. more and Chio Railroad met to-day and organized for the ensuing year by ru-electing John K. Cowen president. Baltimore, Dec. 22.-The directors of the Balti-

NEWS TO MR. GOULD.

George J. Gould was asked yesterday about s report that he was to retire from the presidency of the Missouri Pacific Railway and be succeeded by S. H. H. Clark, who is now president of the Union Pacific Railway. "This report is news to me," he said. "This is the first I have heard of it."

DISCUSSING EASTBOUND RATES

The presidents of the trunk line railroads met yesterday with officers of their principal Western connection and with the Board of Managers of the Joint Traffic Association to consider the maintenance of eastbound rates. Chauncey M. Depew presided at the meeting. No conclusion was reached. The meeting will continue for several days.

RAILWAY BUILDING IN 1897.

Chicago, Dec. 22.-"The Railway Age" makes the statement of new railway lines built in

the year 1857:

While the year 1897 has shown larger railway earnings and better business conditions than its immediate predecessors, the marked improvement in the financial outlook did not begin early enough in the year for the completion of many new railway undertakings, and so it now appears that, although much construction work is under way, the mileage of track actually laid is but little greater than that for the preceding year. The lowest point in twenty years in respect to railway building was reached in 1895, when only 1893 miles of track were added; 1897 has done a little better the total now reported to us being 1.894 miles. California stands first, with 216 miles laid on different roads, and no track was laid in New-Hampshire, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Maryland, Kansas, Nermaka, New-Mexico, Indian Territory, Arizona, Wyoming and Nevada—and five others barely estaged from this category by getting credit for from half a mile to a mile and a quarter each. At the commencement of 1898 the United States will have 184,64 miles of completed railway. the year 1857:

BIG INCREASE IN BUSINESS AT CHICAGO. Chicago, Dec. 22.-The general merchandiss business on the various ratiroads centring in Chicago has increased largely in the last ten days. The increase is due, of course, to the holiday trade, is fully 50 per cent over the increase of last year. The passenger traffic for the holidays has not begun to move in any volume as yet.

The Western roads are greatly dissatisfied at the reductions in grain rates, ordered by the Joint Traffic Association. They say that the reductions are not great enough to keep the traffic from being diverted to other channels, and that they will not prevent the cutting of rates or add to their stability in any way. They could, they say, handle just as much business at the old rates as they can at the new rates, and there was therefore no reason for cutting the rates if they were not to be cut deeper than they have been.

GERMAN BARONS RETURN FROM THE WEST

has been roughing it with the cowboys of New-Mexico and Texas, with his friend, Baron von Riddenstople, sailed from here yesterday on the American Liner New-York for England. Baron von Riddenstople sailed for home several weeks ago. Both men belonged to the Swedish Army, and obtained a furlough to try life in the West. They spent their time in hunting, and had many adventures.

THE YAMPA STARTS FOR SOUTHAMPTON. have been purchased recently for the German Emperor, sailed from City Island yesterday for Southpected to cross the Atlantic in the yacat, but he changed his mind. The Yampa is commanded by Captain John Burt, and carries a crew of nineteen men. She was towed through Hell Gate yesterday by the ocean tug C. Offerman to Staten Island, whence she will proceed under sail. It is expected the Yampa will reach Southampton in about twenty

THE COURTHOUSE CONTRACT AWARDED. The contract for building the new courthouse of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court was awarded yesterday by the Sinking Fund Commission, at the request of the seven Justices of the division, to whom the bids had been referred, to entire cost of building and furnishing. There were four lower bids offered, but the Justices advised that they be thrown out, on account of their specifying certain quarries for the marble or kinds of marble which were not called for in the specifications.

MICHIGAN TAX TITLES WORTHLESS

Lansing, Mich., Dec. 22.-Hundreds of tax titles in Michigan have been rendered worthless by a decision of the Supreme Court in the case of the Connecticut Mutual Fire Insurance Company against Wood, the effect of the decision being that when lands are bid off to the State for taxes of one year ing years. The decision completely upsets the usual procedure in the office of the State Auditor-General, and means a loss of many thousands of dollars to the State. The consequences of the decision are so grave that a rehearing of the case will be asked.

AFTER LAWS IN THE INTEREST OF LABOR. Denver, Dec. 22 .- "The Rocky Mountain News" sent a telegram to Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, asking him to outline the plans of his organization for independ-

received:

Nashville, Tenn., December 21.

The plans for our political action in the interest of labor are only in a tentative state at present. The American Federation of Labor proposes, however, to take such political action as will compel the lawmakers, the executive and the judiciary to enact, to enforce and to define laws in the interest of our people. We shall elect our own representatives wherever possible, and at all times defeat the enemies of our cause, irrespective of narry. To achieve these purposes, however, we realize that it is necessary for the workers of our country, East, West, North and South, to unite and concentrate our entire efforts to attain the greatest success.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

Appellate Division—Supreme Court—Recess.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part I—Before Beekman,
J.—Motion calendar called at 10:30 a. m.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part II—Before Smyth,
J.—Court opens at 10:30 a. m. Ex-parte matters.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part III—Before Truax,
J.—Motions. Denutrers: Nos. 587, 869, 691. Preferred
causes: Nos. 5857, 5231, 5839, 5894. Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part IV—Refore Stover.
J.—Law and fact: Nos. 5853, 5805, 5871, 5877, 5730, 5747,
5753, 5645, 4943, 4819, 5117, 5245, 5526, 5555, 5286, 5752,
5601, 5867, 4869, 5406, 1809, 5861, 8842, 4899, 5823, 1809. Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part V—Hefore Russell,

I—Causes to be sent from Part IV for trial, Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part VI—Hefore Cohen,

I—Causes to be sent from Part IV for trial, Clear.

Supreme Court—Special Term—Part VII—Hefore Truax,

I—Elevied railroad causes. Clear.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part VII—Before Freedman, J.—Preferred causes: Nos. 13005, 14381, 14010.

Clear. Carr. Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part III—Refore Gilderserse J. Nos. 5306, 7522, 7357, 7118, 7288, 7300, 6686,
7875, 66; 377, 7194, 7221, 7616, 6672, 7121, 5205, 436,
2008, 248., 2409, 1058, 6673, 7417, 7306, Inquest: No.
1336, Clear.
Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part IV—Before Davy, J.
—Causes to be sent from Part III for trial. Clear.
Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part V—Before Daly, J.—
Causes to be sent from Part III for trial. Clear.
Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part V—Before Book—
Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part V—Before Book— Supreme Court-Trial Term-Part VI-Before Book-staver, J.-Causes to be sent from Part III for trial. Clear. lear.

Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part VII—Before Giegech. J.—Nos. 9924, 7783, 7393, 2436, 12415, 3782, 563,
801, 8213, 5731, 7355, 5396, 5381, 7850, 7899, 7532, 3370,
335, 8211, 8252, 7641, 7663, 7664, 5157, 7302, Chear.
Supreme Court—Trial Term—Part VIII—Before Dugro,
—Causes to be sent from Part VIII—Before Trial. Case

me Court-Trial Term-Part IX-Adjourned for

J.—Causes to be sent from preferred calendar for trial.

Clear.

Surrogate's Court.—Chambers.—Refore Fitzgerald, S.—

No day calendar. Wills for probate: John P. Lake,

Fanny Smith, Jeremiah McCarthy, at 10:30 a. m.; Agnes

S. V. A. Hail, John F. Wilson, at 11 a. m.; Elizabeth

Koop, at 2 p. m.

Surrogate's Court.—Trial Term.—Before Arnold, S.—No.

1290, will of Mary Johnson, at 10:30 a. m.; No. 1292, will

of De Witt C. Lawrence, at 10:30 a. m.; No. 1292, will

of De Witt C. Lawrence, at 10:30 a. m.

City Court.—Treal Term.—Perore Schuchman, J.—Court

pens at 10 a. m. Motions at 10:30 a. m.

City Court.—Trial Term.—Part IV.—Before Conlan, J.—

Nort causes: Nos. 3877, 3889, 3310, 3945, 3873, 8020,

134719, 3973 b. Clear.

City Court.—Trial Term.—Parts I, II and III.—Adjourned Short causes: Nos. 2877, 2889, 3310, 3945, 3873, 2020, 3347%, 3973%. Clear. City Court—Trial Term—Parts I, II and III—Adjourned sinc die. REFEREES APPOINTED

By Smyth, J. Hariem Savings Bank agt. Moran-John Delahunty. By Trunx, J. Freund agt, Muller-George T. Davidson, Kirchner agt. Brown-William C. Breed. RECEIVERS APPOINTED.

A FAVORITE ANTI-ANNEXATION ARGU-MENT DEMOLISHED.

THE POPULATION NOT "SEMI-BARBAROUS, HALF-NAKED AND WHOLLY IGNORANT"-A COM-PULSORY EDUCATION LAW LONG IN FORCE. [BI TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, Dec. 22 .- In conversation with Tribune correspondent recently a Democratic Congressman, who is a bitter opponent of Hawallan annexation, and whose name is withheld in order not to disclose the identity of a statesman whose affluence of misinformation is so great, asked: "What do we want of Hawaii, anyhow, with its semi-barbarous, half-naked and wholly ignorant population?" He seemed to think that question was a poser, and will doubtless continue to think so, even after the annexation debate, with all the revelations it

is to make, shall have run its course. And yet he could find material which would teach him better by visiting the Bureau of Education in the Department of the Interior. He would there learn that, so far as school education is concerned. Hawaii is abreast the foremost State in the American Union, and far in advance of most of them; that education in the Sandwich Islands to-day is universal, compulsory and free.

ALL CHILDREN SENT TO SCHOOL. In the words of a recent official statement by the secretary of the Hawaiian National Board of Education, which Commissioner Harris to-day showed to a Tribune correspondent: "The law makes it obligatory upon all children between the ages of six and fifteen years to attend school regularly unless excused for sickness or some other equally valid cause, and makes no distinction as to race, color or class. It is entirely optional with parents and guardians whether children be sent to public or independent schools, but to school they must go, and that with at least a reasonable degree of regularity. The theory being that the Government is responsible for seeing that all children within its jurisdiction receive a certain amount of education, it follows logically that the Government should see to it that all schools in the country are in proper hands, and capable of imparting the instruction required.

"The Government does not undertake to exercise direct control over private or independent schools, but no such school can be established without complying with certain statutory requirements and obtaining a formal authorization from the Department of Public Instruction. A person wishing to open a school must make application in writing, furnishing satisfactory Baron F. Gison von Essen, who for the last year evidence as to moral character and scholarship, and have the same accompanied by a petition for such a school in the locality named, signed by a reasonable number of those whose children are expected to attend. The compulsory attend ance is enforced by means of truant officers or school police, of whom there are one or more in each district, or between forty and fifty in all. These officers are mostly native Hawaiians, with The schooner yacht Yampa, which is said to an occasional Portuguess or Chinese in localities where children of those nationalities are most numerous. These officers visit the schools reguampton. R. S. Palmer, the former owner, had ex- larly, get the names of absentees and look them pected to cross the Atlantic in the yacht, but he up, and see that children not in the Government schools are attending elsewhere. The compulsomy system is found to work well in practice and is enforced with very little friction. The people have been accustomed to it for more than a generation past, and accept it as a matter of course.

For more than a generation the people of the Sandwich Islands have been accustomed awer is found in an unpublished manuscript recently prepared by one of Commissioner Harris's predecessors, which was also shown to the correspondent, and which is wholly based on official The facts are there and cannot be gain-

The total population of the Hawalian Islands in 1896 was 109,020, and the total school population-including all the children from six to fifteen years of age-was 14,286, of which 11,989 were Hawaiians, part Hawaiians or Ha-waiian-born children of foreign parentage. The attendance in Government schools was 9,633, and in dependent or private schools 3,464, mak-ing a total of 12,557, or more than 87 per cent. might not be uninstructive or impertment to mpare this percentage with that of Califor a, which is 76, or that of New-York, which 64, or that of Ohlo, which is still smaller Government certificates, which can be obtained only after careful and rigorous examination, all the schools. Of these sixty-eight were Ha-wallan, sixty-three part Hawallan, 177 Ameri-cans, sixty-six British, fourteen Chinese, thir-teen Portuguese, and the remainder of other vectors.

In 1896 the nationality of school attendance

Hawailans
Part Hawailan
Hawailan born

Germans	62	\$2.25 100.00
Portuguese	663	85.49 91.53 97.48
Other	14,288	96.20
The following	tabular statemen percentage of the f age able to read	e population
	Number over six	Percent-
Part Hawallans		read and write. 83.97 91.21
Poreigners	5,394 2,000 1,518	68.29 86.62 95.41
French	75 215	86.31 92.00 80.44
Portuguese	22 189 19,317	27.54 53.60 45.47
South Sea Islanders	407	40.00

THE OWNERS OF HOMES. According to the manuscript before referred to, the nationality and number of individual owners of real estate or homes in 1890 and 1896 respectively were as follows:

Nationality. 1896 1896 Inc. Inwallans 8,721 8,695 724 art Hawallans 234 438 264 ortuguese 234 438 264 an other nationalities 795 1,172 377 In 1896 the percentage of all the homes owned ere as follows:
 were as follows:
 12.70

 By Hawaiians
 51.94 Chinesa
 12.70

 Part Hawaiians
 7.64 Japanese
 5.78

 Portuguese
 11.64 Eight other nationalities 10.30

WINDOW GLASS WORKERS AMALGAMATING. Indianapolis, Dec 22.-A dispatch to "The News" from Elwood, Ind., says that the four trades of window glass workers are again arranging to amalgamate in a new National association. The people identified with the movement wish to organize a society that will operate on practical business lines, and obtain for its members, under entirely new articles of amalgamation, a wage settlement that will satisfy all four trades. The association will be organized within the next three weeks, but no attempt will be made to disturb the present wage scales. By the time the new amalgamated association of window glass workers will contain all trades, prepared to demand their wages of manufacturers.

A MARRIED SCHOOLGIRL RULED OUT. St. Louis, Dec. 22.-Recently Miss Gertrude W. Lewis, aged sixteen, eloped with Samuel Frazer, and they were married. She was a pupil in the High School in this city, and she continued going Bradiey & Currier Company agt. Helen Surbridge—
Moses Barnett.
Welcoms S. Jarvis agt. Thomas F. O'Connor (two cases)
—Peter A. Lalor.

Welcoms S. Jarvis agt. Thomas F. O'Connor (two cases)
—Peter A. Lalor.

MORE FACTS ABOUT HAWAII. Statement of the Board of or which JAMES A. GRAY received County Canvassers of the County of New York

In relation to votes given for JUDGES CITY COURT. SHERIFF. COUNTY CLERK, REGISTER.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY. The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New-York, having met in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen of the City of New-York on the 5th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 15th, 16th, 17th, 18th and 20th days of November, 1897, to canvass and estimate the votes given in the several Election Districts of said County at the General Election beld on the 2d County, at the General Election held on the 2d day of November, in the year aforesaid, DO CERTIFY AS FOLLOWS:

FOR JUDGES CITY COURT. That it appears on such estimate and canvass

whole number of votes given for the office of JUDGE OF THE CITY COURT was Six hundred and seven thousand four hundred and four which JOHN HENRY McCARTHY five thousand seven hundred and seventy-one Of which EDWARD F, O'DWYER re-ceived One hundred and fifty-two thousand six hundred and thirteen Of which S. STANWOOD MENKEN received Sixty-six thousand three hundred and thirty-nine. which JOSEPH FETTRETCH rewhich HENRY C. BOTTY received Sixty-two thousand seven hun-dred and sixty-five Of which ELISHA K. CAMP received Sixty-two thousand one hundred and forty-seven 62,147

Of which RUDOLPH KATZ received Ten thousand six hundred and fifty-six. which RICHARD POHLE received Ten thousand four hundred and 10.451 ffty-one .. Of which LOUIS LEVENE received One thousand one hundred and sixty-four Of which JAMES H. HARDY received Seven hundred and thirty-four. of which THOMAS H. EASON re-

Of which EZRA TUTTLE received

And of which there were Blank, Eighteen thousand and twenty-eix. number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification," all of which were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of JUDGE OF THE CITY COURT, was Two thousand and eight

number of ballots which were rejected as wild, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of JUDGE OF THE CITY COURT was counted, was Two thousand one hundred and twenty-six 2,126

FOR SHERIFF.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass that

ole number of votee given for the office SHERIFF was Three hundred and five cousand three hundred and eixty-four... of which THOMAS J. DUNN received One hundred and fifty-seven thousand seven hundred and five nich EDWARD F. McSWPENEY received Sixty-five thousand one hundred and ninety-seven..... 65.197 which THOMAS L HAMILTON hundred and ninety..... which PATRICK CAMPBELL re-ceived Ten thousand six hundred and fifty-one. 10.651 Of which THOMAS F. SMITH rewhich PATRICK H. LYNCH reof which there were BLANK, Seven thousand four hundred and nine 7.409 805,864

2.018 number of ballots which were rejected as void, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of SHERRIFF was counted, was Two thousand one hundred and twenty-six 2 120

FOR COUNTY CLERK. That it appears on such estimate and canvass.

whole number of votes given for the office of COUNTY CLERK was Three hundred and five thousand two hundred and thirty-eix which WILLIAM SOHMER re-ceived One hundred and fifty-two thousand five hundred and seventeen of which BENJAMIN E. HALL rewhich HENRY STAHL received Ten thousand three hundred and fifty-eix. which CHARLES REILLY received One eighty-six ...

And of which there were BLANK, Seven thousand four hundred and fifty-four. 7.454 805,236 number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification," all of which were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of COUNTY CLERK, was Two thousand and eighteen.

number of ballots which were rejected as void, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of COUNTY CLERK was counted, was Two thousand one hundred and twenty-six.

FOR REGISTER That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that

805, 178 Of which ISAAC FROMME received One hundred and fifty-three thousand three hundred and twenty-nine 153.329 of which GEORGE W. VON SCHACK received Sixty-three thousand six hundred and twenty-three. of which PAUL GOEPEL received Of which RICHARD H. ADAMS hundred and fifty-eight ... 11,158 of which HENRY LIGHTBOURN re-ceived Ten thousand four hun-dred and eighty-seven...... Of which JULIUS BERNSTEIN re-ceived one thousand three hun-dred and sixty-five..... which CHARLES E. LATIMER of which JULIUS KINTZ received of which there were BLANK, Eight thousand four hundred and fifty-one 8,451 805,178

The number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification," all of which were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of LEGIS-TER, was Two thousand and eighteen... number of ballots which were rejected as void, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of REGISTER was counted, was Two thousand one hundred and

FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY. That it appears on such estimate and canvass whole number of votes given for the office of DISTRICT ATTORNEY was Three hundred and five thousand one hundred and forty-nine

Of which ASA BIRD GARDINER received One hundred and fifty thousand one hundred and eighty-six ich WILLIAM M. K. OLCOTT ceived Seventy thousand 70,102 which AUSTEN G. FOX received Sixty-four thousand seven hun-dred and eleven which LEON A. MALKIEL re-ceived Ten thousand four hun-dred and thirty

Of which ALFRED L MANIERRE 721 And of which there were BLANK. Seven thousand seven hundred and seventy-six 7.776 305,148 The number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification," all of which

2.018 number of ballots which were rejected, on which NO vote for any car for the office of DISTRICT ATTO was counted, was Two thousand on dred and twenty-six. 2.126

We certify this Statement to be correct, and have caused the same to be attested by the signatures of the Chairman and a majority of this Board and the Secre-tary thereof, this 20th day of November, A. D. one thou-sand eight hundred and ninety-seven. JNO. T. OAKLEY,

WM. H. TEN EYCK. JOHN J. MURPHT.
ELIAS GOODMAN.
COLLIN H. WOODWARD.
FRED'K L. WARSHALL.
CHARLES A. PARKER.
ANDREW ROBINSON.
JEREMIAH KENNEFICK.
CHARLES WINES.
YOHN J. O'BRIEN.
JOSEPH SCHILLING.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have compared the fore-going with the original Statement on file in this office, and that it is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original.

Witness my hand and official seal at the
New County Court House, in the City
and County of New York, this 22d day
of November, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. HENRY D. PURROY. DECLARATION OF THE BOARD OF

COUNTY CANVASSERS OF COUNTY OF NEW YORK In relation to votes given for JUDGES OF THE CITY COURT, SHERIFF,

COUNTY CLERK. REGISTER. DISTRICT ATTORNEY The Board of County Canvassers of the Coun

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New York, having canvassed and estimated the votes given in the several Election Districts in each of the Assembly Districts of said County, at the General Election held on the 2d day of November, A. D. 1897, DO HEREBY CERTIFY, DETERMINE AND DE-JUDGES OF THE CITY COURT.

That JOHN HENRY McCARTHY. EDWARD F. O'DWYER, by the greatest number of votes, were duly elected JUDGES OF THE CITY COURT of the County of New

SHERIFF. That THOMAS J. DUNN. by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected SHERIFF of the County of New York. COUNTY CLERK. WILLIAM SOHMER,

by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected COUNTY CLERK of the County of New York. REGISTER. That by the greatest number of votes, was fully elected REGISTER of the County of New York. DISTRICT ATTORNEY ASA BIRD GARDINER.

by the greatest number of votes, was duly elected DISTRICT ATTORNEY of the County of New York.
We certify this Declaration to be correct, and have caused the same to be attested by the signatures of the Chairman and a majority of this Board and the Secretary thereof, this 20th day of November, A. D. one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven. JNO. T. OAKLEY.

WM. H. TEN EYCK.

JOHN J. MURPHY,
ELIAS GOODMAN,
COLLIN H. WOODWARD,
FRED'K L. MARSHALL,
CHARLES A. PARKER,
ANDREW ROBINSON,
JEREMIAH KENNEFICK,
CHARLES WINES,
JOHN J. O'BRIEN,
EOBERT MUH
CHRISTIAN GOETZ,
RUFU'S R. BANDALL,
THOMAS M. CAMPBELL,
FREIERICK A. WARE,
JACOB C. WUND.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

City and County of New York,

County Clerk's Office, I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have compared the fore-going with the original Declaration on file in this office, and that it is a correct transcript therefrom and of the whole of said original.

Witness my hand and official seal at the New County Court House, in the City and County of New York, this 2City of November, one thousand eight hun-dred and ninety-seven. HENRY D. PURROY.

Statement of the Board of County Canvassers of the County of New York

In relation to votes given for MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY.

The Board of County Canvassers of the County of New York, having met in the Chambers of the Board of Aldermen of the City of New York, on the 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th, 13th, 15th, 15th, 15th, 18th and 20th days of November, 1897, to canvass and estimate the votes given in the several Election Districts of said County at the General Election held on the 2d day of November, in the year aforesaid, DO CERTIFY AS FOLLOWS:

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY. FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that The whole number of votes given for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY FOR THE FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT was Five thousand and seventy-three. 6,013 Of which DANIEL E. FINN received
Three thousand two hundred
and thirty-three 8.288 Of which JOHN P. WARD received Seven hundred and ninety..... Of which MARTIN J. McCOY received Six hundred and ninety-four... Of which MICHAEL J. DOYLE re-ceived One bundred and sev-enty-eight of which CHRISTOPHER KAMPF Of which LARS LARSON received And of which there were BLANK.
One hundred and thirty-four...

The number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification," all of which were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY, was Five. The number of ballets which were rejected as wold, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEM-BLY was counted, was Sixteen...... SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass, that The whole number of votes given for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY FOR THE SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT WAS Seven thousand and thirty-one..... rhich JAMES OLIVER received Four thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight 4.878 Of which ISAAC E. BERMANT received One thousand three hundred and four Of which MAX ECKSTEIN received One hundred and seven......

Of which WILLIAM D. KELLAND received Forty-niae Of which DAVID MILLER received And of which there were BLANK.
Six hundred and seventy-five... The number of general ballots "protested marked for identification," all of wh were counted for the several candida voted thereon for the office of ME BER OF ASSEMBLY, was Fitty-three

7.031

whole number of votes given for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY FOR THE THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT WAS Seven thousand four hundred and seven. DOMINICK F. MULrhich ANDREW H. SCOBLE received One thousand three hundred and eighty-four..... which WILLIAM ROBERT CLENDENING received Eigh hundred and thirty..... which BERNARD LYNCH rewhich WILLIAM J. MeNICKLE

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass

were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY, was Forty-four..... number of ballots which were rejected as void, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY was counted, was Fifty-eight FOURTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT That it appears on such estimate and canve

whole number of votes given for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY FOR THE FOURTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT was Seven thousand one hundred and seventy. which PATRICK H. ROCHE re-ceived Three thousand four hun-dred and seventy-two......

which LOUIS H. LEVIN received Of which JOHN P. DENNY received Eight hundred and fifty-five.... which HOWARD BALKAM re-Of which ELISHA SEELT received

And of which there were BLANK.
Two hundred and twenty-one...

number of general ballots "protested marked for identification," all of wi number of ballots which were rejected a void, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of MEMSER OF ASSEMBLY was counted, was Eighty.

FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT. That it appears on such estimate and canva that

Of which WILLIAM ASTOR CHAN-LER received Three thousand four hundred and fifty-one..... which JOHN H. DORN received Two thousand one hundred and forty-seven of which GEORGE L. WILCOX re-Of which EMIL KNELL received Of which GEORGE R. SALB received Of which E. SCRIER received One .. And of which there were BLANK. Three hundred and sixty-two... The number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification." all of which were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY, was Twenty-two.......

number of ballots which were rejected as void, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY was counted, was Thirty-five. SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT. That it appears on such estimate and canvasa,

whole number of votes given for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY FOR THE SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT was Eight thousand two bundred and eighty. Of which TIMOTHY P. SULLIVAN received Five thousand and five. of which JOHN MORAN received Of which JACOB LUTZ received Eight hundred and twenty-nine which RICHARD KUHNEL re-ceived Two hundred and eight teen Of which JOHN GLOVER received

number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification," all of which were counted for the several candidate voted thereon for the office of MEMBEF OF ASSEMBLY, was One hundred and

Of which JAMES E. MARCH received

SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT. That it appears on such estimate and canvi

whole number of votes given for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY FOR THE SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DETRICT was Eight thousand three hundred and fifty. which JOHN F. MAHER received Four thousand three hundred and ninety-seven. which WILLIAM D. UDELL re-ceived One thousand nine hun-dred and fifty-four..... which JOHN WATSON received One thousand two hundred and fifty-eight Of which ROBERT BLUMENTHAL received Fifty-four of which FITZHUGH SMITH re-And of which there were BLANK. Four hundred and fifty-one....

The number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification." all of which were counted for the several candidates of the office of MEMBER ASSEMBLY, was One hundred and The number of ballots which were rejected as wold, on which NO vote for any candidate for the office of MEMBER OF ASSEMBLY was counted, was Seventy-six. EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

That it appears on such estimate and canvass Of which CHARLES S. ADLER re-ceived Two thousand three hun-dred and ninety-nine....

Of which PHILIP WISSIG received One thousand eight hundred and forty-one which LAZARUS ABELSON re-ceived Four hundred and forty-seven Of which ARTHUR McKEON re-And of which there were BLANK, One hundred and eighty-two ...

The number of general ballots "protested as marked for identification," all of which were counted for the several candidates voted thereon for the office of MEM-BER OF ASSEMBLY, was One hundred

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT. That it appears on such estimate and canvace

Of which N. TAYLOR PHILLIPS re-ceived Four thousand five hun-dred and fifty